

Revision: 01.03.2023 Version: 1.0/EN

# Safety Data Sheet

in accordance the Commission Regulation (EU) No 2020/878 of 18 June 2020 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)

# Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier R-KER-II, R-KER-II – S, R-KER-II – W

Relevant identified uses of substance or mixture and uses advised against <u>Identified uses:</u> Chemical anchoring system for building industry <u>Uses advised against:</u> Every way of using not mentioned above or in the point 7.3

# Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name and address:

	Rawlplug S.A. ul. Kwidzyńska 6 51-416 Wrocław Poland
Telephone number:	+48 (0) 71 32 60 100, +48 (0) 71 37 26 11
E-mail (competent person):	infochem@rawlplug.com

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### **General information**

#### Storage

Storage temperature: 5-25 °C. Protect the product against solar radiation. Store the product in a well-ventilated place.

# Comment

A separate safety data sheet has been prepared for each component. Do not separate any SDS from the title page.

# Additional information

The 2-component cartridge contains:

- Component A : vinylester resin, inorganic powdery extenders, liquid rheological additives
- Component B : hardener with benzoyl peroxide.

# Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

**R-KER-II, R-KER-II – S, R-KER-II – W – component A** UFI Code: 4600-Y09E-Y009-4JT7

**1.2. Relevant identified uses of substance or mixture and uses advised against** <u>Identified uses:</u> Chemical anchoring system for building industry <u>Uses advised against:</u> Every way of using not mentioned above or in the point 7.3

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# **1.3.** Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name and address:

	Rawlplug S.A. ul. Kwidzyńska 6 51-416 Wrocław Poland
Telephone number:	730 975 700
E-mail (competent person):	infochem@rawlplug.com

# **1.4 Emergency telephone number**

Nationwide emergency phone number (8:00 - 16:00): + 48 71 320 91 00 PL: 112 (emergency call)

Emergency tele	ephone number			
Country	Official advisory body	Address	Emergency number	Remark
Austria	Vergiftungsinformationszentra le (Poisons Information Centre)	Stubenring 6 1010 Wien	+43 1 406 43 43	
Belgium	Centre Anti-Poisons/ Antigifcentrum c/o Hôpital Central de la Base – Reine Astrid	Rue Bruyn 1 B -1120 Bruxelles/Brussel	+32 70 245 245	Please dial: 070 245245 for any urgent questions about intoxication (free of charge 24/7), if not accessible, dial: 02 264 96 30 (standard fee)
Bulgaria	Национален токсикологичен информационен център (National Toxicological Information Centre) Многопрофилна болница за активно лечение и спешна медицина "Н.И.Пирогов" (National Clinical Toxicology Centre), Emergency Medical Institute "Pirogov"	21 Totleben Boulevard 1606 SOFIA	+359 2 9154 409	
Croatia	Centar za kontrolu otrovanja Institut za medicinska istraživanja i medicinu rada	Ksaverska Cesta 2 p.p. 291 10000 Zagreb	+385 1 234 8342	
Cyprus	Κέντρου Δηλητηριάσεων		1401	Operating hours 24 hours / 24 hours, 7 days a week
Czech	Toxikologickéinformačnístředisko	Na Bojišti 1	+420 224 919 293	
Republic	Klinikapracovníholékařství VFN a 1. LF UK	120 00 Praha 2	+420 224 915 402	
Denmark	Giftlinjen Bispebjerg Hospital	Bispebjerg Bakke 23 2400 København NV	+45 82 12 12 12	
Estonia	Mürgistusteabekeskus	Gonsiori 29	16662	
Finland	Myrkytystietokeskus	15027 Tallinn Stenbäckinkatu 9	+372 626 93 90 +358 9 471 977	
Fillianu	Wyrkytystietokeskus	PO BOX 100 29 Helsinki	+358 9 4711	
France	Centre Antipoison et de Toxicovigilance de Paris Hôpital Fernand Widal	200 rue du Faubourg Saint-Denis 75475 Paris Cedex 10	+33 1 40 05 48 48	
France	Centre Antipoison et de Toxicovigilance de Marseille Hôpital Sainte Marquerite	270 boulevard de Sainte Marguerite 13274 Marseille Cedex 09	+33 4 91 75 25 25	
Germany	Giftnotruf München Toxikologische Abteilung der II. Med. Klinik und Poliklinik rechts der Isar der Technischen Universität München	Ismaninger Straße 22 81675 München	+49 (0) 89 19240	
Germany	Giftnotruf der Charité CBF, Haus VIII (Wirtschaftgebäude), UG	Hindenburgdamm 30 12203 Berlin	+49 (0) 30 19240	
Greece	Poisons Information Centre Children's Hospital P&A Kyriakou	11762 Athens	+30 2 10 779 3777	
Hungary	Országos Kémiai Biztonsági Intézet Egészségügyi Toxikológiai Tájékoztató Szolgálat	Nagyvárad tér 2. 1437 Budapest, Pf. 839 1097 Budapest	+36 80 20 11 99	
Iceland	Eitrunarmiðstöð Landspítali	Fossvogi 108 Reykjavik	+354 543 22 22	
Ireland	National Poisons Information Centre Beaumont Hospital	PO Box 1297 Beaumont Road 9 Dublin	+353 1 809 2566 (Healthcare professionals- 24/7) +353 1 809 2166 (public, 8am - 10pm, 7/7)	
Italy	Centro Antiveleni Dipartimento di Tossicologia Clinica, Universita Cattolica del Sacro Cuore	Largo Agostino Gemelli 8 168 Roma	+39 06 305 4343	
Latvia	Valsts Toksikoloģijas centrs, Saindēšanās un zāļu informācijas centrs	Hipokrāta 2 1038 Rīga	+371 67 04 24 73	
Lithuania	Apsinuodijimų informacijos biuras	Birutės g. 56 8110 Vilnius	+370 5 236 20 52 +370 687 53378	
Luxembourg	Centre Anti-Poisons/ Antigifcentrum c/o Hôpital Central de la Base - Reine	Rue Bruyn 1 1120 Bruxelles/Brussel	+352 8002 5500	





	Astrid			
Malta	Medicines & Poisons Info Office	Mater Dei Hospital MSD Msida	+356 2545 6504	
Netherlands	Nationaal Vergiftigingen Informatie Centrum Universitair Medisch Centrum Utrecht, Het Nationaal Vergiftigingen Informatie Centrum (NVIC) informeert (dieren-) artsen, apothekers en andere professionele hulpverleners over de mogelijke gezondheidseffecten en behandelingsmogelijkheden bij vergiftigingen. Het NVIC is hiervoor dag en nacht bereikbaar, zowel telefonisch als via internet	Huispostnummer B.00.118 PO Box 85500 3508 GA Utrecht	+31 30 274 88 88	Only for thepurpose of informing medical personnel in cases of acute intoxications
Norway	Giftinformasjonen Helsedirektoratet	P.O. Box 7000 St. Olavs Plass 130 Oslo	+47 22 591300	
Poland	National Poisons Information Centre The Nofer Institute of Occupational Medicine (Łódź)	ul. Teresy 8 P.O. BOX 199 90950 Łódź	+48 42 63 14 724	
Portugal	Centro de InformaçãoAntivenenosInstituto Nacional de Emergência Médica	Rua Almirante Barroso, 36 1000-013 Lisboa	+351 808 250 143	
Romania	Department of Clinical Toxicology Spitalul de Urgenta Floreasca	Calea Floreasca Bucuresti	+40 21 230 8000	
Serbia	Nacionalni centar za kontrolu trovanja - VMA	Crnotravska 17 11000 Beograd	+381 11 360 84 40 (24h) +381 11 3672 187	
Slovakia	Národné toxikologickéinformačné centrum UniverzitnánemocnicaBratislava, pracoviskoKramáre, Klinikapracovnéholekárstva a toxikológie	Limbová 5 833 05 Bratislava	+421 2 54 77 41 66	
Slovenia	Center za kliničnotoksikologijo in farmakologijoInternaklinika, UKCL	Zaloška cesta 7 1525 Ljubljana	+386 41 650 500	
Spain	Servicio de Información Toxicológica Instituto Nacional de Toxicología y Ciencias Forenses, Departamento de Sevilla	Carretera de San Jerónimo Km 0,4 41080 Sevilla	+34 91 562 04 20	(Toxicological emergencies only). Information in Spanish (24/7)
Sweden	Giftinformationscentralen	Box 60 500 171 76 Stockholm	112 – begär Giftinformation +46 10 456 6700 (Från utlandet)	(from abroad: +41 44 251 51 51) non urgent inquiry: +41 44 251 66 66
Switzerland	Tox Info Suisse	Freiestrasse 16 8032 Zürich	145	

# Section 2: Hazards identification

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

# Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

# Physical and chemical hazards: This mixture does not present a physical hazard.

# Health hazards

# Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Sensitisation Skin, Hazard Category 1 [Skin Sens. 1]

May cause an allergic skin reaction. (H317)

# Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Hazard Category 2 [STOT RE 2]

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [lungs] (H373)

# **Environmental hazards:**

This mixture does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use.

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# 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



Signal word: Warning Supplemental Hazard Statements on labels Contains: 2,2'-ethylenedioxydiethyl dimethacrylate; Quartz (SiO<sub>2</sub>)

# Hazard statement(s)

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [lungs] H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

# Precautionary statement(s)

Prevention: P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P260 Do not breathe dust P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P102 Keep out of reach of children Response: P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water P314. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

The substances contained in the product do not meet criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with Annex XIII of REACH Regulation. The product does not contain substances included in the list established in accordance with Article 59 (1) for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substances identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 (3) or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight.

# Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

# 3.2. Mixtures

Substance identifier	Name of the substance	Weight fraction %	Classification in line with The Regulation (EC) No. 1272/200	:C) No. 1272/2008	
			Signal Word Code(s)	Hazard Class and Category Code(s)	Hazard Statement Code(s)







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CAS No: 14808-60-7	Quartz (SiO2) [1]	25 <x<30< th=""><th></th><th>Not Classified</th><th></th></x<30<>		Not Classified	
CE No: 238-878-4 Index No					
REACH No:					
CAS No: 109-16-0 CE No 203-652-6 Index No REACH No: 01-2119969287-21-	2,2'-ethylenedioxydiethyl dimethacrylate	30 <x<35< td=""><td>GHS07 Wng</td><td>Skin Sens. 1</td><td>H317</td></x<35<>	GHS07 Wng	Skin Sens. 1	H317
XXXX					
CAS No: 471-34-1 CE No: 207-439-9 Index No: REACH No: 01-2119486795-18- xxxx	Calcium carbonat [1]	5 <x<10< td=""><td></td><td>Not Classified</td><td></td></x<10<>		Not Classified	
CAS No: 14808-60-7 CE No: 238-878-4 Index No REACH No:	Quartz (SiO2) Fine particulate silica [1]	5 <x<10< td=""><td>GHS08 Dgr</td><td>STOT RE 1</td><td>H372</td></x<10<>	GHS08 Dgr	STOT RE 1	H372
CAS No: 38668-48-3 CE No: 254-075-1 Index No REACH No: 01-2119980937-17- xxxx	1,1'-(p- tolylimino)dipropan-2-ol	<1.5	GHS07 GHS06 Dg	Aquatic Chronic 3 Acute Tox. 2: Eye Irrit. 2: H319	H412 H300 H319

[1] Substance with national exposure limit in the workplace

Full H phrases are specified in point 16 hereof.

# Section 4: First aid measures

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general:

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Inhalation:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
Skin contact:	Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated
	clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get
	immediate medical advice/attention.
Eye contact:	Get immediate medical advice/attention. Immediately rinse with water for a prolonged
	period while holding the eyelids wide open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to
	do. Continue rinsing. Consult an eye specialist.
Ingestion:	Drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON
	CENTER or doctor/physician.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

<u>Skin contact:</u>	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
<u>Eye contact:</u>	Possible redness, tearing, temporary irritation
Ingestion:	May cause irritation of the mucous membranes of gastrointestinal tract, nausea, vomiting.
Inhalation:	Exposure may cause coughing or wheezing. May cause damage to organs [lung organs] through
	prolonged or repeated exposure.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.





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# Section 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

<u>Suitable extinguishing media:</u> Foam, powder, carbon dioxide, water in spray. <u>Unsuitable extinguishing media:</u> Do not use a heavy water stream.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

During combustion harmful gases consisting of carbon oxides may be produced. Do not inhale combustion products, may cause health risk.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Personal protection typical in case of fire. Do not stay in the fire zone without self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing resistant to chemicals. Containers may burst if heated due to the rise of pressure. In case of fire cool endangered containers with water fog from safe distance. Do not let extinguishing water to reach drainage system. Collect used extinguishing media.

#### Section 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### For non-emergency personnel

Take unprotected persons out of the risk area. Avoid direct contact with the mixture. Do not inhale dust. Remove all sources of ignition.

Avoid airborne dust generation, wear personal protective equipment in compliance with national legislation. Provide adequate ventilation.

#### For emergency responders

Ensure that breakdown and its results are only trained personnel. Use personal protective equipment.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Recover mechanically the product. On land, sweep or shovel into suitable containers. Store away from other materials. Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# Section 7: Handling and storage

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8). For personal protection see section 8. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in original container, keep tightly closed when not in use. Protect from direct sunlight and other heat sources in dry, well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials, food and drink. Store at 5– 25 °C. To ensure product stability avoid temperature fluctuation during storage (overheating and undercooling).

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# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Chemical anchoring system for building industry.

#### Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Quartz [14808-60-7	]
Limit va	lue - Eight hours Limit value - Short term
[ppm]	[mg/m³] [ppm] [mg/m³]
Austria	0.05(1)(2)
Belgium	0.1
Denmark	0,3 inhalable aerosol 0,6 inhalable aerosol
	0,1 respirable aerosol 0,2 respirable aerosol
Finland	0.05(1)
France	0,1 respirable aerosol
Hungary	0,15 respirable aerosol
Ireland	0,1 (1)
Norway	0,3 (1)
	0,1 (2)
Poland	0.1(1)
Spain	0,05 (1)
Sweden	0,1 (1)
Switzerland	0,15 respirable aerosol
The Netherlands	0,075 respirable dust
Remarks:	
	e (2) Respirable fraction
Finland (1) Respirable	
	estrictive statutory limit values
Ireland (1) Respirable	
	t (2) Respirable fraction
Poland (1) Respirable	
Spain (1) Respirable	
Sweden(1) Respirable	
Calcium carbonat	
Limit value - Eigh	
ppm mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
France	10 inhalable aerosol
Hungary	10 inhalable aerosol
Ireland	10 (1)
	4 (2)
	5
	10
	3 respirable aerosol
	0 inhalable aerosol
3	4 respirable aerosol
Remarks	
	e fraction (2) Respirable fraction
	( )

#### Legal basis:

Directive 2014/27/Eu Of The European Parliament And Of The Council of 26 February 2014 amending Council Directives 92/58/EEC, 92/85/EEC, 94/33/EC, 98/24/EC and Directive 2004/37/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council, in order to align them to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures.

COMMISSION DIRECTIVE 2009/161/EU of 17 December 2009 establishing a third list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC. COMMISSION DIRECTIVE 2006/15/EC of 7 February 2006establishing a second list of indicative occupational exposure





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limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Directives 91/322/EEC and 2000/39/EC. COMMISSION DIRECTIVE 2000/39/EC of 8 June 2000 establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work.

Benzoyl peroxide [94-36-0]	
DNEL Workers	
long-term, dermal, systemic:	13.3 mg/kg
long term, inhalative, systemic:	39 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
long-term, dermal, local:	0.34 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>
DNEL Consumer	
long term, oral, local:	2 mg/kg
PNEC	
water (fresh water):	0.0002 mg/L
water (sea water):	0.00002 mg/L
sediment (fresh water):	0.013 mg/kg
sediment (sea water):	0.001 mg/kg
soil: 0.003 mg/kg	
sewage treatment plant:	0.35 mg/L
Ethylene glycol [107-21-1]	
DNEL/DMEL (Employees)	
Systematic, long-term effects: skin	106 mg/kg
Systematic, long-term effects: inhalation	35 mg/cm <sup>3</sup>
DNEL/DMEL (Consumers)	
Systematic, long-term effects: inhalation	7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Systematic, long-term effects: skin	53 mg/kg
PNEC	
PNEC water (fresh water)	10 mg/l
PNEC marine water	1 mg/l
PNEC soil	1.53 mg/kg
Freshwater sediment	20.9 mg/kg
STP (water treatment plants)	199 mg/l

# Recommended monitoring procedures

Monitoring procedures should be used fot concentrations of hazardous components in the air. Air quality control procedures should be used in the workplace - as long as they are available and reasonable for the job - in accordance with the relevant Polish or European Standards, taking into account the conditions prevailing at the site of exposure and corresponding measurement methodologies adapted to the conditions work. Mode, type and frequency of tests and measurements should meet the requirements of the Regulation of the Minister of Health on 2 February 2011. (Dz. U. 2011 No. 33, item. 166).

#### 8.2. **Exposure controls**

# 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommend exposure limits. If user operations generate vapours, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

# 8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Breathing equipment: Not required in case of adequate ventilation. In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. At concentrations causing irritation use mask with filter. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Eye protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts.







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Protection of hands:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the
	case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body Protection:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performer and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
<u>Hygiene at work:</u>	Apply general hygiene at work rules. After work, remove contaminated clothes and wash thoroughly the whole body. Wash your hands and face during breaks. Restrain from drinking and eating or smoking at work.

# 8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

Avoid release to the environment, do not enter the sewage system. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

# Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Colour:
Odour:
Smell threshold
Melting/ clotting point
Initial boiling point and boiling range:
Flammability:
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:
Flash point:
Auto-ignition temperature:
Decomposition temperature:
рН
Dynamic viscosity (23°C; 100 [s-1]):

Solubility: Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Vapour pressure: Density and/or relative density Relative vapour density Particle characteristics

#### 9.2 Other information

- 9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes Oxidizing properties: has oxidizing properties.
- 9.2.2 Other safety characteristics Information unavailable.

Brown Characteristic Information unavailable 0°C Information unavailable Not applicable Information unavailable Above the SADT value SADT\* = 50°C [Benzoyl Peroxide] Information unavailable Not determined R-KER-II 5 ± 2 [Pa·s] R-KER-II-S 6  $\pm$  2 [Pa·s] R-KER-II-W 6  $\pm$  2 [Pa·s] Insoluble in water Information unavailable Information unavailable 1,4-1,5 g/cm3 Information unavailable Paste







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#### Section 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No reactivity under recommended storage and handling conditions.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Product is stable under normal storage conditions (temp. 5 - 250C). In the case of visible changes in the consistency of the product, the presence of significant amounts of air in components it is recommended to cessation work with the product.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No further relevant information available.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

To avoid thermal degradation of product do not allow to overheat it over the temperature of recommended storage. Protect from sunlight.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidants and strong reducing agents

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds. Reference to other sections: 5.2.

#### Section 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Toxicity of mixture**

ATE MIX oral (mg / kg):>2000 The mixture does not contain substances classified in this hazard class. ATE MIX dermal (mg/kg): ):>2000 The mixture does not contain substances classified in this hazard class. ATE MIX inhalation (mg/l/4h):>20 The mixture does not contain substances classified in this hazard class. \*ATEmix value was calculated using relevant converted acute toxicity point estimate included in 3.1.2 table from Regulation 1272/2008/EC.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available information, classification criteria are not met.

#### Serious eye damage/irritation

Based on available information, classification criteria are not met.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available information, classification criteria are not met.

### Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Based on available information, classification criteria are not met.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Based on available information, classification criteria are not met.









Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [lungs].

# Aspiration hazard

Based on available information, classification criteria are not met

Delayed and immediate effects as well a	as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Skin contact:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact:	Possible redness, tearing, temporary irritation
Ingestion:	May cause irritation of the mucous membranes of gastrointestinal tract,
	nausea, vomiting.
Inhalation:	Exposure may cause coughing or wheezing. May cause damage to organs
	[lung organs] through prolonged or repeated exposure.

# 11.2 Information on other hazards

# 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

The components of the mixture do not affect the functioning of the hormonal system in accordance with the evaluation criteria defined in the Regulations: (EC) No 1907/2006, (EU) 2017/2100, (EU) 2018/605.

# 11.2.2 Other information

Not applicable to substances.

# Section 12: Ecological information

# 12.1 Toxicity

This mixture does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use. In order to minimise long term global pollution consideration should be given to:

- Reduction in consumption of disposable products and packaging.
- Participation in recycling activities

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

It is not determined for the mixture.

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

It is not determined for the mixture.

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

Insoluble in water.

The mobility of the substance depends on their hydrophilic and hydrophobic properties and abiotic and biotic conditions of soil, including its structures, climatic conditions, seasons (in Poland, in a variable moderate climate) and soil organisms, mainly (bacteria, fungi, algae, invertebrates).

# 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted.

# 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product shall not contain ingredients included on the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) as having endocrine disrupting properties or ingredients with endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria laid down in Regulation 2017/2100/EU or Regulation 2018/605/EU in concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1%.

# 12.7 Other adverse effects

The mixture is not classified as hazardous to the ozone layer. There should be considered the possibility of other harmful effects of the individual components of the mixture on the environment. (eg. the ability of disrupting endocrine, the impact of global warming potential).





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# Section 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

# Product:

Minimum waste quantities. Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system, ground water and water course. Uncured product dispose of as a chemical waste in licensed facility, in accordance with local regulations of environmental protection and binding legislation on recycling. It is recommended to incinerate wastes arose during product usage in a proper incineration oven. Small quantities of both components may be reacted together, allowed to cure and dispose of as a solid waste.

# Packaging:

Used product packaging (cartridge) may be delivered to plastic waste recycling plant. Contaminated package must be disposed like wastes arose during product usage

# Hazardous waste codes (EWC):

16 05 08\* discarded organic chemicals consisting of or containing hazardous substances 15 01 10\* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances Legal basis: Directive 2008/98/EC /2014/955/UE

# Section 14: Transport information

# 14.1 UN number or ID number

Not applicable, product is not classified as hazardous during transport.

- 14.2 UN proper shipping name Not applicable
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) Not applicable
- 14.4 Packing group Not applicable
- 14.5 Environmental hazards Product is not classified as dangerous for the environment in accordance with transport regulations
- 14.6 Special precautions for user Not applicable
- 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Inapplicable

# Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The following restrictions are applicable according to	No 3; No 75
Annex XVII of the REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006:	

#### **Other legislation:**

- 1. 1907/2006/EC Regulation on Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC
- 2. 1272/2008/EC of the Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures - amending and repealing Directive 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.







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- 3. 2018/669/UE Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/669 of 16 April 2018 amending, for the purposes of its adaptation to technical and scientific progress, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Text with EEA relevance.
- 4. 790/2009/EC of 10 August 2009 amending, for the purposes of its adaptation to technical and scientific progress, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures.
- 5. 2008/98/EC Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on waste and repealing certain Directives
- 94/62/EC Commission Directive 2013/2/EU of 7 February 2013;amending Annex I to Directive 94/62/EC of the 6. European Parliament and of the Council on packaging and packaging waste
- 7. 2015/830/EU Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)
- 8. 2013/10/EU Commission Directive of 19 March 2013 amending Council Directive 75/324/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to aerosol dispensers in order to adapt its labelling provisions to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures Text with EEA relevance
- European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road 2019-2021 9.

# 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

The supplier has not assessed chemical safety. It is not required for the mixture.

# Section 16: Other information

# Other sources of information:

IUCLID Data Bank (European Commission – European Chemicals Bureau). ESIS – European Chemical Substances Information System (European Chemicals Bureau).

The information above is based on the currently available data concerning the product and the experience and knowledge in this field of the producer.

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Koelner Rawlplug IP Sp. z o.o. shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008		
Skin Sens. 1	H317	calculation method
STOT RE 2	H373	calculation method

# H (hazard) phrases specified in point 2 and 3 hereof:

H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
Skin Sens. 1	Sensitisation — Skin, hazard category 1, 1A, 1B
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Hazard Category 2
H373	May cause damage to organs
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Hazard Category 2
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category 3
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure Category 3
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Hazard Category 1
H300	Fatal if swallowed.
Acute Tox 2	Acute toxicity (oral), Hazard Category, 2

PRAWLPLUG KKOELNER GW Bus MODECO





# **I RAWLPLUG**

# **Explanation of returns**

European Committee for Standardisation
Classification and Labelling
Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation ; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Chemical Abstracts Service number
European Commission
Carcinogen, Mutagen, or Reproductive Toxicant
Chemical Safety Assessment
hemical Safety Report
Derived Minimal Effect Level
Derived No Effect Level
Dangerous Preparation Directive 1999/45/EEC
Dangerous Substances Directive 67/548/EEC
European Commission
Half maximal effective concentration
European Chemicals Bureau Europejskie
European Chemicals Agency
Number EINECS and ELINCS Number (see also EINECS and ELINCS)
European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances
European List of notified Chemical Substances
European Standard
European Union
Globally Harmonized System
Half maximal inhibitory concentration
International Uniform Chemical Information Database
International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry
Lethal concentration, 50%
Median Lethal Dose
Material Safety Data Sheet
Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance
PEC Predicted Effect Concentration
Predicted No Effect Concentration(s)
Personal Protection Equipment
Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No
1907/2006
Safety Data Sheet
Substance Information Exchange Forum
Specific Target Organ Toxicity
Repeated Exposure
Single Exposure
Substances of Very High Concern
Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

# Training

Prior to working with the product you should be familiar with safety rules for handling the chemicals, in particular take proper workplace training.







Revision: 01.03.2023 Version: 1.0/EN

# Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.4. Product identifier R-KER-II, R-KER-II-W, R-KER-II-S – component B UFI Code: JJ40-S0GP-K00H-VYHH

# 1.5. Relevant identified uses of substance or mixture and uses advised against <u>Identified uses</u>: Chemical anchoring system for building industry <u>Uses advised against</u>: Every way of using not mentioned above or in the point 7.3

# 1.6. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name and address:

Rawlplug S.A.	
ul. Kwidzyńska 6	
51-416 Wrocław	
Poland	

Telephone number:	730 975 700
E-mail (competent person):	infochem@rawlplug.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Nationwide emergency phone number (8:00 – 16:00): + 48 71 320 91 00 PL: 112 (emergency call)

Country	Official advisory body	Address	Emergency number	Remark
Austria	Vergiftungsinformationszentra le	Stubenring 6	+43 1 406 43 43	
	(Poisons Information Centre)	1010 Wien		
Belgium	Centre Anti-Poisons/ Antigifcentrum c/o Hôpital Central de la Base – Reine Astrid	Rue Bruyn 1 B -1120 Bruxelles/Brussel	+32 70 245 245	Please dial: 070 245245 for any urgent questions about intoxication (free of charge 24/7), if not accessible, dial: 02 264 96 30 (standard fee)
Bulgaria	Национален токсикологичен информационен център (National Toxicological Information Centre) Многопрофилна болница за активно лечение и спешна медицина "Н.И.Пирогов" (National Clinical Toxicology Centre), Emergency Medical Institute "Pirogov"	21 Totleben Boulevard 1606 SOFIA	+359 2 9154 409	
Croatia	Centar za kontrolu otrovanja Institut za medicinska istraživanja i medicinu rada	Ksaverska Cesta 2 p.p. 291 10000 Zagreb	+385 1 234 8342	
Cyprus	Κέντρου Δηλητηριάσεων		1401	Operating hours 24 hours / 24 hours, 7 days a week
Czech	Toxikologickéinformačnístředisko	Na Bojišti 1	+420 224 919 293	
Republic	Klinikapracovníholékařství VFN a 1. LF UK	120 00 Praha 2	+420 224 915 402	
Denmark	Giftlinjen Bispebjerg Hospital	Bispebjerg Bakke 23 2400 København NV	+45 82 12 12 12	
Estonia	Mürgistusteabekeskus	Gonsiori 29 15027 Tallinn	16662 +372 626 93 90	
Finland	Myrkytystietokeskus	Stenbäckinkatu 9 PO BOX 100 29 Helsinki	+358 9 471 977 +358 9 4711	
France	Centre Antipoison et de Toxicovigilance de Paris Hôpital Fernand Widal	200 rue du Faubourg Saint-Denis 75475 Paris Cedex 10	+33 1 40 05 48 48	
France	Centre Antipoison et de Toxicovigilance de Marseille Hôpital Sainte Marguerite	270 boulevard de Sainte Marguerite 13274 Marseille Cedex 09	+33 4 91 75 25 25	
Germany	Giftnotruf München Toxikologische Abteilung der II. Med. Klinik und Poliklinik rechts der Isar der Technischen Universität München	Ismaninger Straße 22 81675 München	+49 (0) 89 19240	
Germany	Giftnotruf der Charité CBF, Haus VIII (Wirtschaftgebäude), UG	Hindenburgdamm 30 12203 Berlin	+49 (0) 30 19240	
Greece	Poisons Information Centre Children's Hospital P&A Kyriakou	11762 Athens	+30 2 10 779 3777	



Hungary	Országos Kémiai Biztonsági	Nagyvárad tér 2.	+36 80 20 11 99	
	Intézet Egészségügyi Toxikológiai	1437 Budapest, Pf. 839		
	Tájékoztató Szolgálat	1097 Budapest		
Iceland	Eitrunarmiðstöð Landspítali	Fossvogi 108 Reykjavik	+354 543 22 22	
Ireland	National Poisons Information	PO Box 1297	+353 1 809 2566	
	Centre Beaumont Hospital	Beaumont Road	(Healthcare professionals-	
		9 Dublin	24/7) +353 1 809 2166	
			(public, 8am - 10pm, 7/7)	
Italy	Centro Antiveleni Dipartimento di	Largo Agostino Gemelli	+39 06 305 4343	
italy	Tossicologia Clinica, Universita	8 168 Roma	155 00 505 4545	
	Cattolica del Sacro Cuore	o roo noniu		
Latvia	Valsts Toksikoloģijas centrs,	Hipokrāta 2	+371 67 04 24 73	
	Saindēšanās un zāļu informācijas	1038 Rīga		
	centrs	3		
Lithuania	Apsinuodijimų informacijos biuras	Birutės g. 56	+370 5 236 20 52	
		8110 Vilnius	+370 687 53378	
Luxembourg	Centre Anti-Poisons/ Antigifcentrum c/o	Rue Bruyn 1	+352 8002 5500	
	Hôpital Central de la Base - Reine	1120 Bruxelles/Brussel		
	Astrid			
Malta	Medicines & Poisons Info Office	Mater Dei Hospital	+356 2545 6504	
		MSD Msida		
Netherlands	Nationaal Vergiftigingen Informatie Centrum	Huispostnummer	+31 30 274 88 88	Only for thepurpose of
	Universitair Medisch Centrum Utrecht, Het	B.00.118		informing medical personnel
	Nationaal Vergiftigingen Informatie Centrum	PO Box 85500		in cases of acute intoxications
	(NVIC) informeert (dieren-) artsen, apothekers	3508 GA Utrecht		
	en andere professionele hulpverleners over de mogelijke gezondheidseffecten en			
	behandelingsmogelijkheden bij vergiftigingen.			
	Het NVIC is hiervoor dag en nacht bereikbaar,			
	zowel telefonisch als via internet			
Norway	Giftinformasjonen Helsedirektoratet	P.O. Box 7000 St. Olavs	+47 22 591300	
		Plass 130 Oslo		
Poland	National Poisons Information Centre The Nofer	ul. Teresy 8 P.O. BOX	+48 42 63 14 724	
	Institute of Occupational Medicine (Łódź)	199 90950 Łódź		
Portugal	Centro de InformaçãoAntivenenosInstituto	Rua Almirante Barroso,	+351 808 250 143	
	Nacional de Emergência Médica	36 1000-013 Lisboa		
Romania	Department of Clinical Toxicology	Calea Floreasca	+40 21 230 8000	
	Spitalul de Urgenta Floreasca	Bucuresti		
Serbia	Nacionalni centar za kontrolu trovanja - VMA	Crnotravska 17 11000 Beograd	+381 11 360 84 40 (24h)	
Slovakia		Limbová 5	+381 11 3672 187 +421 2 54 77 41 66	
SIOVAKIA	Národné toxikologickéinformačné centrum UniverzitnánemocnicaBratislava,	833 05 Bratislava	+421254774166	
	pracoviskoKramáre,	655 05 Bratislava		
	Klinikapracovnéholekárstva a toxikológie			
Slovenia	Center za kliničnotoksikologijo in	Zaloška cesta 7	+386 41 650 500	
	farmakologijoInternaklinika, UKCL	1525 Ljubljana		
Spain	Servicio de Información Toxicológica	Carretera de San	+34 91 562 04 20	(Toxicological
	Instituto Nacional de Toxicología y Ciencias	Jerónimo Km 0,4		emergencies only).
	Forenses, Departamento de Sevilla	41080 Sevilla		Information in Spanish (24/7)
Sweden	Giftinformationscentralen	Box 60 500	112 – begär	(from abroad: +41 44 251 51
		171 76 Stockholm	Giftinformation +46 10	51)
			456 6700 (Från utlandet)	non urgent inquiry: +41 44 251
				66 66
Switzerland	Tox Info Suisse	Freiestrasse 16	145	
	1	8032 Zürich		1

# Section 2: Hazards identification

# 2.2. Classification of the substance or mixture

# Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical and chemical hazards: Organic Peroxides, Types C, D, E, F [Types E] [Org. Perox. E] Heating may cause a fire. (H242)

#### Health hazards

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Sensitisation Skin, Hazard Category 1[Skin Sens. 1] May cause an allergic skin reaction. (H317) Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Hazard [Category 2] [Eye Irrit. 2] Causes serious eye irritation (H319)





# **Environmental hazards:**

Hazardous to the aquatic environment AcuteHazard, Category 1 (Aquatic Acute 1) Very toxic to aquatic life (H400)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment Chronic Hazard, Category 1 [Aquatic Chronic 1] Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effect (H410)

# 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Pictograms



# Signal word: Warning

Supplemental Hazard Statements on labels Contains: Dibenzoyl peroxide

#### Hazard statement(s)

H242 Heating may cause a fire. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# **Precautionary statement(s)**

Prevention: P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling P260 Do not breathe dust P273: Avoid release to the environment. P102 Keep out of reach of children Response: P305 + P351+P338:IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P302 + P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Store: P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

# 2.3 Other hazards

The substances contained in the product do not meet criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with Annex XIII of REACH Regulation. The product does not contain substances included in the list established in accordance with Article 59 (1) for

having endocrine disrupting properties, or substances identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 (3) or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight.





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# Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable.

### 3.2. Mixtures

Substance identifier	Name of the substance	Weight fraction %	Classification in line with The Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008		
			Signal Word Code(s)	Hazard Class and Category Code(s)	Hazard Statement Code(s)
CAS No: 94-36-0 CE No 202-327-6 Index No: 617-008-00-0 REACH No: 01-2119511472-50- xxxx	Dibenzoyl peroxide [1]	15 <x<20< td=""><td>GHS01 GHS02 GHS07 GHS09 Dgr</td><td>Org. Perox. B Eye Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 Aquatic Acute 1 M=10 Aquatic Chronic 1 M= 10</td><td>H241 H319 H317 H400 H410</td></x<20<>	GHS01 GHS02 GHS07 GHS09 Dgr	Org. Perox. B Eye Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 Aquatic Acute 1 M=10 Aquatic Chronic 1 M= 10	H241 H319 H317 H400 H410
CAS No: 107-21-1 CE No 203-473-3 Index No: 603-027-00-1 REACH No: 01-2119456816-28- xxxx	Ethane-1,2-diol [1.2]	5 <x<10< td=""><td>GHS07 GHS08 Wng</td><td>Acute Tox. 4 STOT RE 2</td><td>H302 H373</td></x<10<>	GHS07 GHS08 Wng	Acute Tox. 4 STOT RE 2	H302 H373

[1] Substance with national exposure limit in the workplace [2] Substance with UE exposure limit in the workplace

Full H phrases are specified in point 16 hereof.

# Section 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general:

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Inhalation:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
<u>Skin contact:</u>	Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated
	clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs:
	Get immediate medical advice/attention.
Eye contact:	Get immediate medical advice/attention. Immediately rinse with water for a
	prolonged period while holding the eyelids wide open. Remove contact lenses, if
	present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Consult an eye specialist.
Ingestion:	Drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a
	POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin contact:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion:	May cause irritation of the mucous membranes of gastrointestinal tract, nausea,
vomiting.	
Inhalation:	Exposure may cause coughing or wheezing.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.





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#### Section 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Foam, powder, carbon dioxide, water in spray. Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use a heavy water stream.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

The dry product can sustain combustion. During combustion harmful gases consisting of carbon oxides may be produced. Do not inhale combustion products, may cause health risk.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Personal protection typical in case of fire. Do not stay in the fire zone without self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing resistant to chemicals. Containers may burst if heated due to the rise of pressure. In case of fire cool endangered containers with water fog from safe distance. Do not let extinguishing water to reach drainage system. Collect used extinguishing media.

#### Section 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Take unprotected persons out of the risk area. Avoid direct contact with the mixture. Do not inhale dust. Remove all sources of ignition.

Avoid airborne dust generation, wear personal protective equipment in compliance with national legislation. Provide adequate ventilation.

For emergency responders

Ensure that breakdown and its results are only trained personnel. Use personal protective equipment.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Recover mechanically the product. On land, sweep or shovel into suitable containers. Store away from other materials. Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### Section 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8). For personal protection see section 8. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in original container, keep tightly closed when not in use. Protect from direct sunlight and other heat







sources in dry, well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials, food and drink. Store at 5- 25 °C. To ensure product stability avoid temperature fluctuation during storage (overheating and undercooling).

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Chemical anchoring system for building industry.

# Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

# 8.1. Control parameters

Dibenzoyl perox	ide [94-36 /alue - Eig	-	1 14	nit value - Sho	ort term
ppm	mg/n				
Austria		alable aer	0.	) inhalable aei	rosol
Belgium		5			
Denmark		5		10	
Finland		5		10 (1)	
France	5				
Germany (AGS)		5 inhalab	le aeroso	ol 5 inh	alable aerosol (1)
Germany (DFG)		5 (1)	5 (1)(2	2)	
Hungary		5 (1)	5 (1)(2	2)	
Ireland	5			-	
Norway		5			
Poland	5	10 (1	1)		
Spain	5				
Switzerland	5 inh	alable aer	osol 5 i	nhalable aero	osol
United Kingdom		5			
Remarks					
Finland (1) 15	minutes a	average va	alue		
Germany (AGS)	(1) 15 mi	inutes ave	erage valu	he	
Germany (DFG)					rage value
Hungary (1) Ski				lue	
Poland(1) 15 mir	nutes aver	rage value	2		
Spain sen					
Ethane-1,2-diol		]			
Limit value - Eigh				Short term	
ppm mg/m			ng/m³		
Belgium	20 (1)(2)	-	1)(2)	40 (1)(2)(3)	104 (1)(2)(3)
European Union			40 (1)	104 (1)	
Finland	20 50		40 (1)	100 (1)	
Hungary		2 (1)		104 (1)(2)	
Italy 20 (1)	52 (1	, ,	1)(2)	104 (1)(2)	
Norway	20 (1) 5	. ,	40 (1)(2)	104 (1)(2)	
Romania	20 52		10 (1)	104 (1)	
Sweden	10 25		10 (1)	104 (1)	
The Netherlands	52	2 (1)	10	4 (1)(2)	
Remarks					
					psorption of the agent through the skin, muco psure. It can be the result of both direct conta

and its presence in the air. (2) Additional indication "M" means that irritation occurs when the exposure exceeds the limit value or there is a risk of acute poisoning. The work process must be designed in such a way that the exposure never exceeds the limit value. For evaluation, the sampled period should be as short as possible. However, the sampled period shall be long enough to perform a reliable measurement. The measured result shall be related to the considered period. (3) 15 minutes average value

European Union (1) 15 minutes average value Bold-type: Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value



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(IOELV) ~ (for references see bibliography)			
Finland (1) 15 minutes average value			
Hungary (1) Skin (2) 15 minutes average value			
Italy (1) Skin (2) 15 minutes average value			
Norway (1) Skin (2) 15 minutes average value			
Romania (1) 15 minutes average value			
Sweden (1) 15 minutes average value			
The Netherlands (1) Skin (2) 15 minutes average value			
1-Methoxypropyl acetate [108-65-6]			
Austria 50 275 100 550			
Belgium 50 275 100 550			
Denmark 50 (1) 275 (1) 100 (1)(2) 550 (1)(2)			
European Union 50 275 100 (1) 550 (1)			
Finland 50 270 100 (1) 550 (1)			
France 50 275 100 (1) 550 (1)			
Germany (AGS) 50 270 50 (1) 270 (1)			
Germany (DFG) 50 270 50 (1) 270 (1)			
Hungary 275 550			
Ireland 50 275 100 (1) 550 (1)			
Israel 50 270			
Italy 50 (1) 275 (1) 100 (1)(2) 550 (1)(2)			
Latvia 50 275 100 (1) 550 (1)			
Norway 50 (1) 270 (1)			
Poland 260 520 (1)			
Romania 50 275 100 (1) 550 (1)			
Spain 50 (1) 275 (1) 100 (1)(2) 550 (1)(2)			
Sweden 50 275 100 (1) 550 (1)			
Switzerland 50 275 50 275			
The Netherlands 550			
United Kingdom 50 274 100 548			
Remarks			
Belgium Additional indication "D" means that the absorption of the agent through the skin, mucous			
membranes or eyes is an important part of the total exposure. It can be the result of both direct contact			
and its presence in the air.			
Denmark(1) Skin (2) 15 minutes average value			
European Union (1) 15 minutes average value Bold-type: Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value			
(IOELV) ~ (for references see bibliography)			
Finland (1) 15 minutes average value			
France Bold type: Restrictive statutory limit values Skin (1) 15 minutes average value			
Germany (AGS) (1) 15 minutes average value			
Germany (DFG) (1) 15 minutes average value			
Ireland (1) 15 minutes reference period			
Italy (1) Skin (2) 15 minutes average value			
Latvia (1) 15 minutes average value			
Norway (1) Skin			
Poland(1) 15 minutes average value			
Romania (1) 15 minutes average value			
Spain (1) Skin (2) 15 minutes average value			
Sweden (1) 15 minutes average value			

# Legal basis:

Directive 2014/27/Eu Of The European Parliament And Of The Council of 26 February 2014 amending Council Directives 92/58/EEC, 92/85/EEC, 94/33/EC, 98/24/EC and Directive 2004/37/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council, in order to align them to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures.







COMMISSION DIRECTIVE 2009/161/EU of 17 December 2009 establishing a third list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC. COMMISSION DIRECTIVE 2006/15/EC of 7 February 2006establishing a second list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Directives 91/322/EEC and 2000/39/EC. COMMISSION DIRECTIVE 2000/39/EC of 8 June 2000 establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work.

DNI	CI /D	NICC
ואוש	5L/ P	NEC

DNEL/PNEC		
Benzoyl peroxide [94-36-0]		
DNEL Workers		
long-term, dermal, systemic:	13.3 mg/kg	
long term, inhalative, systemic:	39 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
long-term, dermal, local:	0.34 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	
DNEL Consumer		
long term, oral, local:	2 mg/kg	
PNEC		
water (fresh water):	0.0002 mg/L	
water (sea water):	0.00002 mg/L	
sediment (fresh water):	0.013 mg/kg	
sediment (sea water):	0.001 mg/kg	
soil: 0.003 mg/kg		
sewage treatment plant:	0.35 mg/L	
Ethylene glycol [107-21-1]		
DNEL/DMEL (Employees)		
Systematic, long-term effects: skin	106 mg/kg	
Systematic, long-term effects: inhalation	35 mg/cm <sup>3</sup>	
DNEL/DMEL (Consumers)		
Systematic, long-term effects: inhalation	7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Systematic, long-term effects: skin	53 mg/kg	
PNEC		
PNEC water (fresh water)	10 mg/l	
PNEC marine water	1 mg/l	
PNEC soil	1.53 mg/kg	
Freshwater sediment	20.9 mg/kg	
STP (water treatment plants)	199 mg/l	

Recommended monitoring procedures

Monitoring procedures should be used fot concentrations of hazardous components in the air. Air quality control procedures should be used in the workplace - as long as they are available and reasonable for the job - in accordance with the relevant Polish or European Standards, taking into account the conditions prevailing at the site of exposure and corresponding measurement methodologies adapted to the conditions work. Mode, type and frequency of tests and measurements should meet the requirements of the Regulation of the Minister of Health on 2 February 2011. (Dz. U. 2011 No. 33, item. 166).

#### 8.2. **Exposure controls**

#### 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommend exposure limits. If user operations generate vapours, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

#### 8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Breathing equipment:

Not required in case of adequate ventilation. In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. At concentrations causing irritation use mask with filter. .







Eye protection:	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts.
Protection of hands:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body Protection:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performer and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
<u>Hygiene at work:</u>	Apply general hygiene at work rules. After work, remove contaminated clothes and wash thoroughly the whole body. Wash your hands and face during breaks. Restrain from drinking and eating or smoking at work.

# 8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

Avoid release to the environment, do not enter the sewage system. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

# Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Colour: Odour:
Smell threshold
Melting/ clotting point
Initial boiling point and boiling range:
Flammability:
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:
Flash point:
Auto-ignition temperature:
Decomposition temperature:
рН
Kinematic viscosity (23°C; 100 [s-1]):
Solubility:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:
Vapour pressure:
Density and/or relative density
Relative vapour density
Particle characteristics

Black Characteristic Information unavailable 0°C Information unavailable May cause fire Information unavailable Above the SADT value SADT\* = 50°C [Benzoyl Peroxide] Information unavailable 4-5 3,6 ± 0,5 [Pa·s] (EN ISO 3219) Insoluble in water Information unavailable Information unavailable 1,4-1,5 g/cm3 Information unavailable Paste

#### 9.2 **Other information**

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes Information unavailable.

### 9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

\* SADT (Self accelerating decomposition temperature) is the lowest temperature at which self accelerating







decomposition may occur with a substance in the packaging as used in transport.

# Section 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No reactivity under recommended storage and handling conditions.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage and usage conditions. Exothermic thermal decomposition. Visible decomposition with spontaneous ignition on heating. SADT = 50 °C

SADT (Self accelerating decomposition temperature) is the lowest temperature at which self accelerating decomposition may occur with a substance in the packaging as used in transport.

A dangerous self-accelerating decomposition reaction and, under certain circumstances, explosion or fire can be caused by thermal decomposition at and above the SADT.

Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition at or below the SADT.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts with reducing agents. Reacts with heavy metals. Reacts with alkali, amines and strong acids.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heavy metals, alkalia, amines and strong acids.

# 10.5 Incompatible materials Reducing agents like amines, acids, alkali, compounds based on heavy metals (p.e. accelerators)

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds. Reference to other sections: 5.2.

# Section 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity of components

Ethylene glycol LD50 (oral, rat): 7712 mg/kg LD50 (dermal, mouse): >3500 mg/kg Dibenzoyl peroxide LD50 (oral, rat) >5000 mg/kg

#### **Toxicity of mixture**

ATE MIX oral (mg / kg):>2000 The mixture does not contain substances classified in this hazard class. ATE MIX dermal (mg/kg): ):>2000 The mixture does not contain substances classified in this hazard class. ATE MIX inhalation (mg/1/4h):>20 The mixture does not contain substances classified in this hazard class. \*ATEmix value was calculated using relevant converted acute toxicity point estimate included in 3.1.2 table from Regulation 1272/2008/EC.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available information, classification criteria are not met.

#### Serious eye damage/irritation







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#### Causes serious eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available information, classification criteria are not met.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

#### Reproductive toxicity Based on available information, classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Based on available information, classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Based on available information, classification criteria are not met.

#### Aspiration hazard

Based on available information, classification criteria are not met

<u>Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure</u>		
Skin contact:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Eye contact:	Causes serious eye irritation	
Ingestion:	May cause irritation of the mucous membranes of gastrointestinal	
	tract, nausea, vomiting.	
Inhalation: There may be irritation. Exposure may cause coughing or wheezing.		

# 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### **11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties**

The components of the mixture do not affect the functioning of the hormonal system in accordance with evaluation criteria defined in the Regulations: (EC) No 1907/2006, (EU) 2017/2100, (EU) 2018/605. the

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Not applicable to substances.

# Section 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effect.

In order to minimise long term global pollution consideration should be given to:

- Reduction in consumption of disposable products and packaging.
- Participation in recycling activities

# Acute toxicity of components

Ethylene glycol fish: LC50 Pimephales promelas : 72860 mg/l/96h Daphnia: EC50 Daphnia magna >=100 mg/l / 48h / OECD 202 Dibenzoyl peroxide fish: LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss : 0.0602 mg/l / 96h / OECD 203







Daphnia: EC50 Daphnia magna : 0.110 mg/l / 48h / OECD 202 algae: EC50 Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata : 0.0711 mg/l / 72h / OECD 201

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

It is not determined for the mixture.

Dibenzoyl peroxide Ready Biodegradability in water / 28d 71 % (OECD TG 301 D) Ethylene glycol 90-100% decomposition after 10 days (DOC parameter). Readily biodegradable (OECD 301 A)

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

It is not determined for the mixture. Dibenzoyl peroxide Log Kow 3.2 (OECD TG 117)

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Insoluble in water.

The mobility of the substance depends on their hydrophilic and hydrophobic properties and abiotic and biotic conditions of soil, including its structures, climatic conditions, seasons (in Poland, in a variable moderate climate) and soil organisms, mainly (bacteria, fungi, algae, invertebrates).

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product shall not contain ingredients included on the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) as having endocrine disrupting properties or ingredients with endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria laid down in Regulation 2017/2100/EU or Regulation 2018/605/EU in concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1%.

# 12.7 Other adverse effects

The mixture is not classified as hazardous to the ozone layer. There should be considered the possibility of other harmful effects of the individual components of the mixture on the environment. (eg. the ability of disrupting endocrine, the impact of global warming potential).

# Section 13: Disposal considerations

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

# Product:

Minimum waste quantities. Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system, ground water and water course. Uncured product dispose of as a chemical waste in licensed facility, in accordance with local regulations of environmental protection and binding legislation on recycling. It is recommended to incinerate wastes arose during product usage in a proper incineration oven. Small quantities of both components may be reacted together, allowed to cure and dispose of as a solid waste.

Packaging:

Used product packaging (cartridge) may be delivered to plastic waste recycling plant. Contaminated package must be disposed like wastes arose during product usage

# Hazardous waste codes (EWC):

16 05 08\* discarded organic chemicals consisting of or containing hazardous substances 15 01 10\* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances Legal basis: Directive 2008/98/EC /2014/955/UE







# Section 14: Transport information



# 14.1 UN number or ID number ADR/RID/IMDG/IATA: UN3077

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID/IMDG/IATA: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S Special provisions 274: Dibenzoyl peroxide

# 14.3 Transport hazard class (es)

ADR/RID/IMDG/IATA: 9

# 14.4 Packing group

ADR/RID/IMDG/IATA: III

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID/IMDG/IATA: The product is classified as dangerous for the environment according to criteria contained in the transport rules

### 14.6 Special regulations:

#### ADR

Tunnel restriction code: Transport category:: LQ [3.4.6]: Excepted Quantities Packing instructions: Special provisions:	[-] 3/ limited 1000 kg 5 kg E1 P002; LP02; IBC08.R001 375,274;335;601/PP12; B3; V13.VC1.VC2
IMDG:	
Special provisions	274. 335. 966.967.969/ PP12. B3
EmS:	F-A, S-F
Stowage and handling	Category A
	SW23
Limited Quantity:	5 kg
Excepted Quantities	E1
Packing instructions:	P002.LP02.IBC08
ΙΑΤΑ	
IATA (Passenger)	
EQ (IATA):	E1
Ltd Qty Pkg Inst. (IATA) :	Y956
Ltd Qty Max Net Qty/Pkg:	30 kg G
Packing instructions::	956
Max Net Qty/Pkg:	450 Kg
<u>IATA (Cargo)</u>	
Packing instructions:	956
Max Net Qty/Pkg:	450 Kg

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#### Section 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The following restrictions are applicable according to	No 3; No 75
Annex XVII of the REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006:	
2012/18/EU (Seveso III)	E2 environmental hazards (hazardous to the
	aquatic environment, cat. 2
	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of
	lower and upper-tier requirements
	200 500

# Other legislation:

- 1907/2006/EC Regulation on Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC
- 11. **1272/2008/EC** of the Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures amending and repealing Directive 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.
- 12. **2018/669/UE** Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/669 of 16 April 2018 amending, for the purposes of its adaptation to technical and scientific progress, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Text with EEA relevance.
- 13. **790/2009/EC** of 10 August 2009 amending, for the purposes of its adaptation to technical and scientific progress, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures.
- 14. **2008/98/EC** Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on waste and repealing certain Directives
- 15. **94/62/EC** Commission Directive 2013/2/EU of 7 February 2013;amending Annex I to Directive 94/62/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on packaging and packaging waste
- 16. **2015/830/EU** Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)
- 2013/10/EU Commission Directive of 19 March 2013 amending Council Directive 75/324/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to aerosol dispensers in order to adapt its labelling provisions to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures Text with EEA relevance
- 18. European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road 2019-2021

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

The supplier has not assessed chemical safety. It is not required for the mixture.

Section 16: Other information

#### **Other sources of information:**

IUCLID Data Bank (European Commission – European Chemicals Bureau).

ESIS – European Chemical Substances Information System (European Chemicals Bureau).

The information above is based on the currently available data concerning the product and the experience and knowledge in this field of the producer.

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with

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regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Koelner Rawlplug IP Sp. z o.o. shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008		
Skin Sens. 1	H317	calculation method
Org. Perox. B	H241	Expert assessment
Eye Irrit 2	H319	calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1	H400	calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1	H410	calculation method

# H (hazard) phrases specified in point 2 and 3 hereof:

H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
Skin Sens. 1	Sensitisation — Skin, hazard category 1, 1A, 1B
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Hazard Category 2
H241	Heating may cause a fire or explosion
Org. Perox. B	Self-Reactive Substances and Mixtures, Type B 2.1.5 — Organic Peroxides, Type B
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — AcuteHazard, Category 1
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category 1
H373	May cause damage to organs
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Hazard Category 2
H302	Harmful if swallowed
Acute Tox4	Acute toxicity (oral), Hazard Category 4

# **Explanation of returns**

CEN	European Committee for Standardisation
C&L	Classification and Labelling
CLP	Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation ; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service number
СОМ	European Commission
CMR	Carcinogen, Mutagen, or Reproductive Toxicant
CSA	Chemical Safety Assessment
CSR C	hemical Safety Report
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level
DPD	Dangerous Preparation Directive 1999/45/EEC
DSD	Dangerous Substances Directive 67/548/EEC
EC	European Commission
EC50	Half maximal effective concentration
ECB	European Chemicals Bureau Europejskie
ECHA	European Chemicals Agency
EC	Number EINECS and ELINCS Number (see also EINECS and ELINCS)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances
ELINCS	European List of notified Chemical Substances
EN	European Standard
EU	European Union
GHS	Globally Harmonized System

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IC <sub>50</sub>	Half maximal inhibitory concentration
IUCLID	International Uniform Chemical Information Database
IUPAC	International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry
LC <sub>50</sub>	Lethal concentration, 50%
LD <sub>50</sub>	Median Lethal Dose
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance
PEC	PEC Predicted Effect Concentration
PNEC(s)	Predicted No Effect Concentration(s)
PPE	Personal Protection Equipment
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No
	1907/2006
SDS	Safety Data Sheet
SIEF	Substance Information Exchange Forum
STOT	Specific Target Organ Toxicity
(STOT) RE	Repeated Exposure
(STOT) SE	Single Exposure
SVHC	Substances of Very High Concern
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

# Training

Prior to working with the product you should be familiar with safety rules for handling the chemicals, in particular take proper workplace training.



